

**APEEJAY SCHOOL, SHEIKH SARAI**  
**FIRST TERM EXAMINATION, 2019-20**

SS-17

**CLASS-IX**  
**SOCIAL SCIENCE**

*Time allowed : 3 Hrs.*

**M.M. : 80**

---

---

**General Instructions :**

- (a) The question paper is divided into four sections-Section A, Section B, Section C and Section D.*
  - (b) The questions paper has 26 questions in all.*
  - (c) All questions are compulsory.*
  - (d) Marks are indicated against each question.*
  - (e) Questions form serial number 1 to 7 very short answer type questions. Each question carries 1 mark.*
  - (f) Questions from serial number 8 to 18 are 3 marks questions. Answers of these questions short not exceed 80 words each.*
  - (g) Questions form serial number 19 to 25 are 5 marks questions. Answers of these questions should not exceed 100 words each.*
  - (h) Question number 25 is a map question on 5 marks with two parts - 26 A from Geography (3marks) and 26 B from History (2 marks).*
- 
- 

**SECTION-A**

- 1. Which island countries are India's southern neighbours? (1)
- 2. Name the divisions of eastern coastal plains. (1)
- 3. Which is the northern most point of the Ganga delta? (1)
- 4. Why was mid-day meal scheme launched by the government in the schools? (1)
- 5. What was Marseilles? Who composed it? (1)
- 6. Name two leading communist thinkers of Europe. (1)
- 7. When was the Indian Constitution adopted? (1)

**SECTION-B**

- 8. Give three points of differences between the Eastern Ghats and the Western Ghats. (3)

P.T.O.

9. Describe any three features of the peninsular rivers. (3)
10. What are the major problems related to modern methods of farming? (3)
11. Why are large number of women employed in the unorganized sector? What are the disadvantages of working in this sector? (1+2=3)
12. "The various routes across the mountains in the north have contributed in the exchange of ideas and commodities since ancient times." Elaborate. (3)
13. Describe briefly the steps taken by Japan in order to become a developed country. (3)
14. Why do people refer South Africa as a "Rainbow Nation"? (3)
15. Write any three arguments in favour of democracy. (3)
16. Describe any three legacies of the French Revolution. (3)
17. The period from 1793 to 1794 is referred to as 'Reign of Terror' in France. Why? (3)
18. Highlight the important events which led to the 1905 Revolution in Russia. (3)

#### SECTION-C

19. Who provides labour for farming in the Palampur village? Why do farm labourers like Dala and Ramkali always remain poor? (2+3=5)
20. Explain the term 'Unemployment'. Why is educated unemployment a peculiar problem of India? (1+4=5)
21. Write the characteristic features of the Northern Plains of India. (5)
22. Discuss the events in India and in the World, which influenced the making of the Indian Constitution. (5)
23. Zimbabwe under Robert Mugabe did not follow rule of law and respect for rights. Justify the statement with five arguments. (5)
24. Explain the major changes in Russia after the October Revolution of 1917. (5)
25. Elaborate any five causes which led to the outbreak of the French revolution. (5)

#### SECTION-D

26. A. On the given political map of India locate and label the following (3)
  - (a) Lake Wular
  - (b) Capital of Odisha
  - (c) Karakoram ranges

On the given political map of the world identify and locate

- B. (a) The country ruled by Tsar Nicholas II. (2)
- (b) The city where the French Revolution started.



Roll No.	
Name	
Class & Section	

**APEEJAY COMMON ANNUAL EXAMINATION, 2019-20**

**SOCIAL SCIENCE**

**Time Allowed : 3.00 Hrs.**

**Class – IX**

**Maximum Marks : 80**

**General Instructions :**

- (i) *The question paper has 35 questions in all.*
- (ii) *Marks are indicated against each question.*
- (iii) *Questions from serial number 1 to 20 are objective type questions. Each question carries one mark. Answer them as instructed.*
- (iv) *Questions from serial number 21 to 28 are 3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.*
- (v) *Questions from serial number 29 to 34 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 120 words each.*
- (vi) *Question number 35 is a map question of 6 marks with two parts — 35 a. from History (3 marks) and 35b. from Geography (3 marks).*

- 
1. Liberals were opposed to
    - (a) Secularism
    - (b) Rights of individual
    - (c) Representative form of government
    - (d) Universal adult franchise (1)
  
  2. In the French society a man had to be in the highest bracket of taxpayers, to qualify as .....
    - (a) Elector
    - (b) Active Citizen
    - (c) Citizen
    - (d) Passive Citizen (1)

3. Study the following picture and answer the following :



State any two laws introduced by the above Emperor shown in the figure. (1)

4. He was the First Inspector General of Forest in India .....

OR

Which colonial power ruled over Java? (1)

5. State the longitudinal extent of India. (1)

6. Name two trees of Tropical Evergreen forests. (1)

7. Mangrove forests are found in which of the following regions? (1)

- (a) Western Ghats (b) Himalayas  
(c) Northern plains (d) Sunderbans.

8. River Godavari is also known as Dakshin Ganga. True/False. (1)

9. Who led a military coup in Pakistan in 1999? (1)

- (a) Nawaz Sharif (b) Z. A. Bhutto  
(c) Pervez Musharraf (d) Benazir Bhutto

10. What is meant by Apartheid? (1)

11. Which among the following is called a Rainbow Nation? (1)

- (a) China (b) India  
(c) France (d) South Africa

12. What is By Election? (1)

13. Who among the following is not a political executive? (1)
- (a) Mayor of a Municipal Corporation
  - (b) Prime Minister
  - (c) District Collector
  - (d) Governor
14. According to the Indian Constitution, the word 'Secular' means : (1)
- (a) All citizens have a right to vote.
  - (b) All citizens have a right to Equality
  - (c) All citizens have a freedom to follow any religion
  - (d) All citizens have a right to live
15. Who among the following is not an asset to the economy? (1)
- (a) Money lender
  - (b) Worker
  - (c) Unemployed person
  - (d) Farmer
16. State any one difference between Fixed Capital and Working Capital. (1)
17. How is Human capital superior to other resources ? (1)
18. Name the anti-poverty programme which aims to create self-employment opportunities for educated unemployed youth in rural areas and small towns. (1)
19. Correct the following statement and rewrite : (1)
- Poverty is still a serious problem in Orissa and Tamil Nadu.
20. Correct the following statement and rewrite : (1)
- India adopted a new strategy in agriculture, which resulted in the 'Green Revolution' especially in the production of wheat and sugarcane
21. What was the impact of the First World War on the Russian Industrial Sector? (1)

OR

- "Robespierre followed a policy of severe control and punishment" Enumerate the given statement with reference to Reign of Terror. (3)
22. In what ways Lok Sabha is more powerful than Rajya Sabha? (3)
23. Describe any three features of Democracy.

**OR**

- What is Constitution? Mention its significance. (3)
24. Describe the powers of the Election Commission of India. (3)
25. Differentiate between Himalayan and Peninsular rivers. (3)
26. "Modern farming methods are more suitable for the rich farmers." Do you agree? Give reasons in support of your answer. (3)
27. Explain disguised unemployment. (3)
28. Explain the dimensions of food security in India. (3)
29. What is shifting cultivation? Give reasons why British banned Shifting Cultivation. (2+3=5)
30. Mention any Five changes brought about by the Bolsheviki after the October Revolution to transform Russia into a Socialist society. (5)

**OR**

What were the inherent defects of Weimar Republic? State any two economic crisis which led to Nazism and the rise of Hitler in Germany.

31. What are Rights? Explain any four features of Right to Equality.

**OR**

"The Right to Freedom is a cluster of several rights". Explain this statement. (5)

32. Give an account of weather conditions and characteristics of the Cold Weather season. (5)
33. What is Occupational structure of the population? How is the occupational structure of the population different in developed and developing countries? (5)

**OR**

When was the National Population Policy adopted? What are its features?

34. Read the extract and answer the following questions:

"Social exclusion: According to this concept, poverty must be seen in terms of the poor having to live only in a poor surrounding with other poor people, excluded from enjoying social equality with better off people in better surroundings."

- (a) What is social exclusion? (1)
- (b) How does social exclusion cause harm to the society? (3)
- (c) Give one example of social exclusion followed in our country in the past. (1)

**OR**

**Read the extract and answer the following questions :**

**“Human being is a positive asset and a precious national resource which needs to be cherished, nurtured and developed with tenderness and care, coupled with dynamism. Each individual’s growth presents a different range of problems and requirements .... .. the catalytic action of education in this complex and dynamic growth process needs to be planned meticulously and executed with great sensitivity “**

- (a) Why do you think human being is a positive asset? (1)**
  - (b) On what factors the quality of population depends upon? (1)**
  - (c) State any three measures taken by the government under the 10th Five Year Plan to improve the quality of population. (3)**
- 35. (A) On the outline map of the world three places A, B, C are marked. Identify the places with the help of following information. (3)**
- (i) A country of Axis powers that was the part of World War II.**
  - (ii) A major country of Allied powers that was the part of World War I.**
  - (iii) A territory that was under German Occupation.**
- (B) On the given outline map of India locate the following : (3)**
- (i) Mt Kanchenjunga**
  - (ii) Pulicat lake**
  - (iii) The largest state of India**