

**APEEJAY COMMON EXAMINATION 2021-22**

**CLASS-XI**

**POLITICAL SCIENCE(028)**

**TERM-II**

**Time: 2 hour**

**M.M: 40**

**General Instructions:**

1. The question paper has 3 Sections A, B & C.
  2. Section A has 8 questions of 2 marks each. Answer to these questions should be completed within 50 words each.
  3. Section B has 3 questions of 4 marks each. Answer to these questions should be completed within 100 words each. Answer of map question should be attempted accordingly.
  4. Section C has 2 questions of 6 marks each. Answer to these questions should be completed within 170 words each.
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**Section: A**

1. Under what conditions can there be a vacancy in the office of the President? Examine. 2

**OR**

What types of Military functions does the Executive perform? Explain.

2. Mention in brief:

A. How's a money bill different from a non-money bill?

B. What is anti-defection law? 2

3. Why are the Parliamentary Committees called as 'miniature legislators'? 2

4. Explain the significance of the positive aspect of liberty. 2

5. 'To live a dignified life one must live without fear' How did Aung Sang Suu Kyi relate freedom to 'dignified human life'? 2

6. Differentiate between 'self regarding' and 'other regarding' actions. 2

7. Describe the concept of equality according to Marxism. 2

8. What do you understand by positive discrimination? Why is it justified for equality? 2

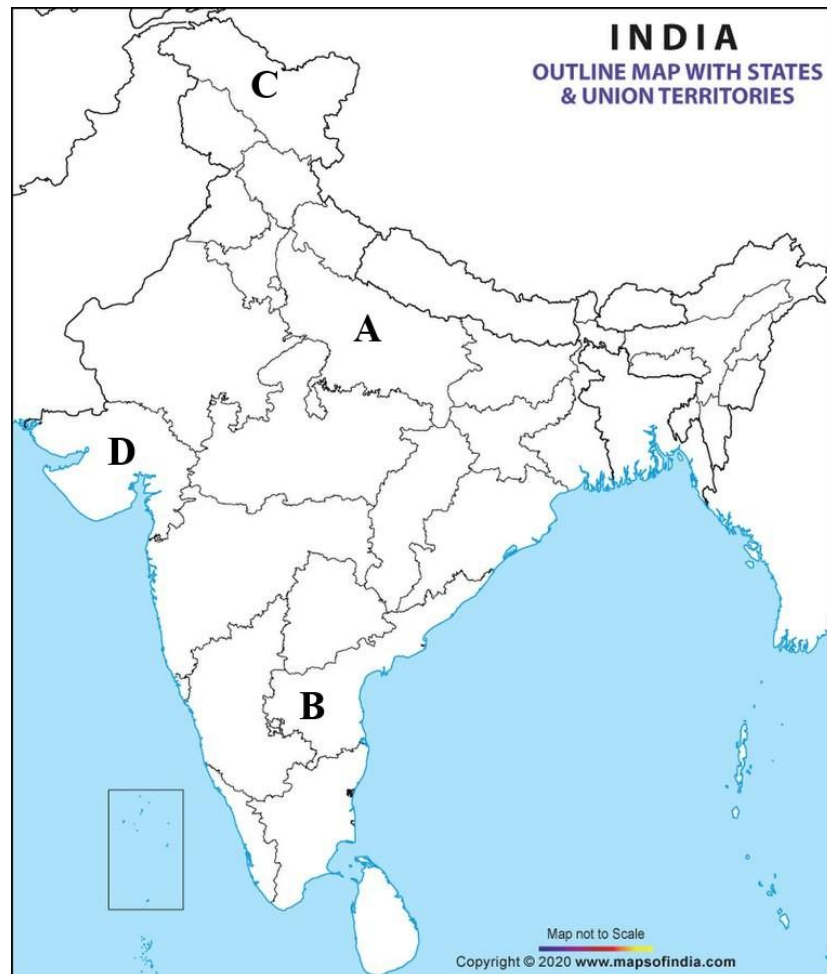
**Section: B**

9. Who is the real head of government in India? Discuss his powers and responsibilities in the Parliamentary form of government. 1+3

10. Evaluate any two ways to promote equality in the society. 2+2

11. In the given outline political map of India, four states have been marked as (A), (B), (C), (D). Identify these states on the basis of the information given below and write their correct names in your answer book along with their respective serial number of the information used and the concerned alphabets as per format that follows: 4

- (i) The state whose Governor recommended the central government to change as union territory.
- (ii) The state which has bicameral legislature.
- (iii) The state where unicameral legislature exists.
- (iv) The state that has maximum seat in the Rajya Sabha.



<b>Sr. Number of the information used</b>	<b>Alphabet concerned</b>	<b>Name of the State</b>
(i)		
(ii)		
(iii)		
(iv)		

**Section: C**

12. Evaluate the role of Supreme Court while issuing writs and judicial review for the protection of fundamental rights of the citizens of India. 6

**OR**

‘Despite clear cut division of power, the conflict between the Parliament and Judiciary has remained a recurrent theme in the Indian politics’. Justify the statement with your arguments.

13. Define Social Justice. Discuss in detail the three Principles of Social Justice. Write an example where you have taken a decision to prevail social justice. 6

**OR**

Analyse the John Rawls’ theory of Justice under the idea of Veil of Ignorance.