1. Name two types of Democracy.
2. What is meant by reservation of constituencies?
3. When does the Rajya Sabha enjoy more powers than the Lok Sabha?
4. What is the function of the Joint Parliamentary Committee?
5. Name two states that adopted the system of elected local bodies around 1960?
6. The Indian population has ................. % Scheduled Caste and ................. % Scheduled Tribes.
7. The Japanese Constitution of ................. is popularly known as the ................. constitution.
9. What is a Nation?
10. What was the demand made by the people of Basque?
11. Where have the rights come from?
12. How do rights place obligations upon us?
13. What does Marshall's idea of citizenship imply?
14. Explain Rabindranath Tagore's idea of Nationalism.
15. Briefly explain Prime Minister Jawahar Lal Nehru's idea of secularism.
16. Who are Permanent Executive? What does the Indian permanent executive consist of?
17. Explain the functions of the District court.
18. On the given map of India mark:
   (a) two new states created in 2001
   (b) mark and write the new names of Mysore and Madras.
19. Article 1 (1) of the Indian Constitution states, "Indian that is Bharat shall be a Union of states". Which features of the Indian Constitution makes India an unitary state?
20. How has the Census of India defined an urban area?
21. What are the features of the Indian constitution that does not allow a single institution to acquire monopoly of power?
22. Write a short note on Right against Exploitation.
23. Briefly state the issues of controversy between the Parliament and the Judiciary over the right to Property.
24. Study the graphs given below and answer the following questions.

![Graph 1](image1)

- [Graph 1](image1)

- [Graph 2](image2)

(a) Which period saw a large number of amendments?
(b) Why do you think so many amendments took place in this period?
(c) How many amendments took place till 26th January 1960?
(d) When did the least amendments take place?

25. What are the various principles of Justice?
26. Why did Martin Luther King term Segregation as Social Leprosy?
27. Study the list of Gazetted holidays in India given below and state whether India is a secular state or not? Give arguments in support of your answer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the holiday</th>
<th>Date according to Gregoian Calendar (for 2006)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Id-ul-Zuha (Bakrid)</td>
<td>15th August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Republic Day</td>
<td>26th January</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Muharram</td>
<td>28th February</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Holi</td>
<td>14th April</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Ram Navami</td>
<td>16th April</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Maharashtra Jayanti</td>
<td>31st March</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Milad-un-Nabi (Birthday of Prophet Mohammed)</td>
<td>12th April</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Good Friday</td>
<td>14th April</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Buddha Purnima</td>
<td>13th May</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Independence Day</td>
<td>15th August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Janmashtami</td>
<td>16th August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Mahatma Gandhi's Birthday</td>
<td>2nd October</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Dussehra (Vilwa Dashami)</td>
<td>2nd October</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Diwali (Deepawali)</td>
<td>21st October</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. M-G-Pit</td>
<td>25th October</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Guru Nanak's Birthday</td>
<td>05th November</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Christmas Day</td>
<td>25th December</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

28. Briefly explain two types of Liberty.

29. How can equality be promoted

30. Explain the features that make elections free and fair

31. Explain the various types of Executives.

Or

How can the President of India be removed? What are his discretionary powers?

32. Explain the bicameral system in Germany?

Or

What are the powers of the Lok Sabha?

33. Why is there a need to study Political Theory?

Or

Political Science/XI [ 3 ] [P.T.O.]
Name a few Western political philosophers
State the main principles of Indian philosophers.

34. Explain J.S. Mill's Harm theory

Or

Briefly explain the different dimensions of Equality

35. What are the different approaches to the pursuit of peace? Support your answer with suitable examples.

Or

What is meant by development? On what basis is development criticized?