SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT-I, 2012–2013
SOCIAL SCIENCE
(MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS)

Time Allowed : 15 min.  CLASS–VI  M.M. : 10

Roll No. ...........................................  Class and Section...........................................

Name ................................................................. ..................................................

Invigilator's Signature................................................................. Date..................................

Marks Obtained : ................................................................. Checker's Sig. ............................

General Instructions :
• All questions are compulsory to attempt.
• Answers to be marked on the question paper itself.
• Tick the correct option.

PART-I  (1 × 10 = 10)

1. Ostriches were found in India during :
   (a) Palaeolithic age  (b) Neolithic age
   (c) Mesolithic age  (d) Ice age

2. Harappan Culture developed about :
   (a) 4400 yrs. ago  (b) 4500 yrs. ago
   (c) 4600 yrs. ago  (d) 4700 yrs. ago

3. Bhimbetka, a palaeolithic site is located in :
   (a) Andhra Pradesh  (b) Himachal Pradesh
   (c) Madhya Pradesh  (d) Uttar Pradesh

4. In earlier times tools were made of :
   (a) iron  (b) wood
   (c) stone  (d) bronze

5. In India the government is elected for :
   (a) 1 yr.  (b) 3 yrs.
   (c) 4 yrs.  (d) 5 yrs.

6. South Africa became a democratic country in :
   (a) 1991  (b) 1992  (c) 1993  (d) 1994

P.T.O.
7. The stars are not visible during the day, because:
   (a) of their size   (b) of their self illumination
   (c) of their distance   (d) of sun’s brightness

8. 180° longitude an imaginary line that separates one day from another is called:
   (a) Prime Meridian   (b) International date line
   (c) Arctic Circle   (d) Equator

9. Freddy is standing at 41° North latitude. Suzanne is at 12° North latitude. Who is closer to the equator?
   (a) Freddy
   (b) Suzanne
   (c) They are at the same distance from the equator
   (d) They are far from the equator

10. Which of the following is wrongly matched?
    (a) Summer solstice in the Northern Hemisphere – 21st June.
    (b) Winter solstice in the Northern Hemisphere – 22nd December.
    (c) Equinox – 23rd November.
    (d) Leap year – 366 days.
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT-I, 2012-2013

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time Allowed : 2 hrs. 45 min.  CLASS-VI  M.M. : 70

General Instructions :
1. The question paper is divided into three Sections :
   Section A — History
   Section B — Civics
   Section C — Geography
2. All questions are compulsory to attempt.
3. Attempt all the questions in the given serial order only.
4. Attach/paste the map carefully inside the answer sheet.

SECTION A—HISTORY
1. Early Man did not know how to grow crops, than what did he eat? How did he get his food? (2)
2. Where did Early Man live? Why did he live there? (2)
3. State any two features of the Great Bath found in Mohenjodaro? (2)
4. Mention any one major difference between a manuscript and an inscription. (2)
5. In earlier times people travelled from one part of the subcontinent to another. State three reasons. (3)
6. List three ways in which hunter gatherers used fire. Would you use fire for any of these purposes today? (3)
7. Houses and drainage system of Harappan city was very advanced. Justify the statement. (4)
8. Palaeolithic age was totally different from the neolithic age. Explain with the help of examples. (4)
9. On the political map of India name and mark the following: (4)
   (a) The city which was located in the Rann of Kutch.
   (b) The city famous for its dockyard.
   (c) A palaeolithic site found in Karnataka.
   (d) A neolithic site found in Jammu and Kashmir.

SECTION B—CIVICS
1. Define ‘Apartheid’. (2)
2. Why are some people discriminated? Give two reasons. (2)

P.T.O.
3. How do people participate in a democracy? (2)

4. What do you think living in India with its rich heritage of diversity adds to your life? (2)

5. Equality is a key feature of a democratic government. What does our constitution say with regard to equality? (3)

6. India is a country of many diversities. Explain with the help of examples. (3)

7. Read the statements given below very carefully. Identify and name at which level of the government are these decisions taken: (4)
   (a) The decision to dig a well in a village.
   (b) The decision to build an amusement park in Lucknow.
   (c) The decision to have peaceful talks with Pakistan.
   (d) Introduction of a new train between Amritsar and Mumbai.
   (e) The decision to introduce a new ten rupee note.
   (f) The decision of Punjab government to provide free electricity to all farmers.
   (g) The decision to repair a primary school building in a village.
   (h) The decision of the Maharashtra government to have Marathi as the medium of instruction in schools.

SECTION C — GEOGRAPHY

I. Define the following terms and give one example of each:
   (a) Local time
   (b) Cardinal directions
   (c) Parallels of latitude (1 x 3 = 3)

II. Distinguish between the following:
   (a) Man made satellite and natural satellite.
   (b) Small scale map and large scale map. (2 x 2 = 4)

III. Answer the following questions briefly:
   (1) Neha was sitting with her grandmother and watching the sky. The grandmother showed her some stars forming various patterns and also showed a star which remained at one direction. Name them.
   (2) Why has Russia adopted more than one standard time?
   (3) When shall we experience equal days and equal nights and what is it called?
   (4) Draw a sketch of your school from the parking area outside the school to the play field. (2 x 4 = 8)

IV. Answer the following questions in detail:
   (1) With the help of a diagram explain the heat zones. (2)
(2) Name and explain the position of the earth marked as 'a' in the given diagram.

(3) If it is 10 AM at Singapore (103°E) what would be the time in India (82°1'E).

V. Draw and colour the following conventional signs and symbols:
(1) Unmetalled Road
(2) International Boundary
(3) A Mountain Peak
(4) A grassland