SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT-I, 2012-2013
SOCIAL SCIENCE
(MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS)
CLASS-VII
M.M. : 10

Time Allowed : 15 min.

Roll No. ........................................ Class and Section........................................

Name ..........................................................

Invigilator’s Signature..................................................Date..............................

Marks Obtained : ..............................................Checker’s Sig. ......................

General Instructions :
• All questions are compulsory to attempt.
• Answers to be marked on the question paper itself.
• Tick the correct option.

PART-I

1. A place where documents and manuscripts are stored and preserved :
   (a) Museum   (b) Archive
   (c) Record Room   (d) Court Room

2. Settlements of peasants were known as :
   (a) Jr   (b) Sabha
   (c) Nagram   (d) Nadu

3. Delhi first became the capital of a Kingdom under :
   (a) Tughlaq’s   (b) Lodi’s
   (c) Khalji’s   (d) Tomar Rajputs

4. Akbarnama was written by :
   (a) Akbar   (b) Abul Fazl
   (c) Faizi   (d) Ziyauddin Barani

5. Omprakash Valmiki’s autobiography is :
   (a) My life   (b) Dalit
   (c) Joothan   (d) Twilight

6. The chief minister and other ministers are appointed by :
   (a) The President   (b) Chief Justice
   (c) Prime Minister   (d) The Governor

P.T.O.
7. Which of the following layers of the atmosphere is not free from clouds?
   (a) Troposphere  (b) Stratoosphere  
   (c) Mesosphere  (d) Exosphere

8. World Environment Day is celebrated on:
   (a) 5th June  (b) 6th June  
   (c) 3rd June  (d) 2nd June

9. The Red Fort is made up of:
   (a) Red sandstone  (b) Basalt  
   (c) Metamorphic Rock  (d) Granite

10. The instrument used to measure an earthquake is:
    (a) Seismograph  (b) RITCHER Scale  
    (c) Barometer  (d) Speedometer
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT-I, 2012–2013
SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time Allowed: 2 hrs. 45 min.  CLASS–VII  M.M.: 70

General Instructions:
1. The question paper is divided into three Sections:
   - Section A — History
   - Section B — Civics
   - Section C — Geography
2. All questions are compulsory to attempt.
3. Attempt all the questions in the given serial order only.
4. Attach/paste the map carefully inside the answer sheet.

SECTION A — HISTORY

1. Define Bhakti. (2)
2. Which ritual was performed by the Rashtrakuta Kings? What did it signify? (2)
3. The term foreigner was used differently in the past. Who was considered a ‘foreigner’ in the past? (2)
4. Why did the European Sailors use the map made by the French Cartographers? Give two reasons. (2)
5. State the meaning of Sulh-i-Kul. Why did Akbar apply this idea in the governance of his empire? (2)
6. Chola temples were not only places of worship, but were the hub of social economic and political activities. Explain the statement. (3)
7. Give three ways in which Alauddin Khalji and Muhammad-bin-Tughlai dealt with the invasion of the Mongols. Who was more successful? (4)
8. Define the term ‘mansabdar’. Discuss the main features of the mansabdari system. (4)
9. On the political map of India name and mark the following:
   (a) The temple town built by Vijayalaya. (4)
   (b) The three dynasties which fought for control over this city.
   (c) The place where Babur defeated Ibrahim Lodi.
   (d) Akbar held discussion with religious scholars in the Ibadat Khana in this city. (4)

P.T.O.
SECTION B — CIVICS

1. Define ‘Constituency’. (2)
2. State the importance of Universal Adult Franchise in a democracy. (2)
3. What differences do you find between private and public health services in your area? State any two. (2)
4. What is a coalition government? (2)
5. Name the ruling party of your state. How did it become the ruling party? Which party is the main opposition party? (3)
6. In India proper and adequate healthcare is not available to all the people. Justify the statement by giving three reasons. (3)
7. The Indian constitution recognises every person as equal. List four provisions in the constitution that recognise this equality. (4)

SECTION C — GEOGRAPHY

I. Answer the following questions briefly:
1. “The erosion and deposition work by sea waves gives rise to coastal landforms.” Name any four landforms created by sea waves.
2. How are sedimentary rocks formed?
3. The atmosphere is important to us. Justify.
4. Study the diagram and name the features marked as a, b, c, d.

![Diagram showing coastal features](image)

(2 x 4 = 8)

II. 1. How are the high tides useful for fishermen and navigators? 
2. Which is the most important plentiful gas in the air? How is it important for the plants?
3. Name the winds that blow in the areas marked as a, b, c on the given diagram and mention their directions. 

   High Pressure
   Sub-Polar Law Pressure
   Sub-Tropical High Pressure
   Equatorial Law Pressure
   Sub-tropical high Pressure
   Sub-Polar Law Pressure
   High Pressure

III. Give reasons:
1. Wet clothes take longer time to dry on a rainy day.
2. Temperature in cities is much higher than that of villages.
3. The rivers are not navigable at their upper course.

IV. On the world map mark the following currents and state whether they are warm or cold currents.
1. Labrador current
2. Kuroshio current
3. Falkland current.